KOHINOOR CTNL

INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED

Directors' Report

To.

The Members,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting their 16th Annual Report on the business and operations of the Company and the accounts for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2021.

1. FINANCIAL SUMMARY OR HIGHLIGHTS/PERFORMANCE OF THE COMPANY

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31.03.2021 (Rs.)	31.03.2020 (Rs.)
Total Income	75,74,99,042	5,30,38,38,576
Total Expenses	2,85,34,40,419	5,45,76,93,501
Exceptional Item	NIL	NIL
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(2,09,59,41,378)	(15,38,54,925)
Less: Provision for Tax	NIL	NIL
Profit /(Loss)After Tax	(2,09,59,41,378)	(15,38,54,925)

2. DIVIDEND

Your Directors do not recommend dividend for the period under review.

3. FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Company has incurred a loss of Rs. 2,09,59,41,378 as against previous year loss of Rs. 15,38,54,925.

4. CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS

There is no change in the Nature of Business of Company.

Tel: 2422 8220 CIN: U45200MH2005PTC155800

5. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS, IF ANY, AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY WHICH HAVE OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR OF THE COMPANY TO WHICH THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATE AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT

World Health Organisation (WHO) declared outbreak of Coronavirus Disease (COVID -19) a global pandemic on March 11,2020. Consequent to this, Government of India declared lockdown on March 23, 2020, and Company suspended the operation in its ongoing project in compliance with the lockdown instruction issued by Central and State Government. COVID -19 has impacted the normal business operation of the Company by way of interruption in Project Execution, supply chain disruption, unavailability of personnel during the lock down period. The start to the new financial year has been very challenging. The challenging situation made everyone more empathetic and sensitive towards life and the world at large. The pandemic led to a lockdown for almost six months. The devastating impact of the second wave derailed the positive momentum in the second half of FY 2020-21. We have done our best to stand by our teams and support them through this crisis. Our site has been following the safety guidelines since the pandemic, and thus offering our workforce a safe environment to function.

The Company has made a detailed assessment of its liquidity position, including recoverability/carrying values of its trade receivables, business and other advances, inventory, and investments as at balance sheet date. Further the Directors would like to inform you that the Company has received further Part Occupation Certificate for the project i.e., full Á' Wing in November 2020 and CFO NOC up to 43rd Floor of Wing B' and the company is in process of getting Occupation Certificate up to 43rd Floor of Wing B'. Based on the current indicators of future economic condition, the Company expects to revive and recover the carrying amount of these assets.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS AND COMPANY'S OPERATIONS IN FUTURE

Not Applicable

7. DETAILS IN RESPECT OF ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company has adequate and robust internal control systems in place with reference to the financial statements.

8. DEPOSITS

The Company has not accepted any public deposits and no amount on account of principal or interest on public deposits was outstanding on the date of the Balance Sheet.

9. STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. Mukund M. Chitale & Co., Chartered Accountants are the Statutory Auditors of the Company to hold office until the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of 2021-22.

10. AUDITOR'S REPORT

There are no adverse remarks in Auditors Report . The Auditor has observed and commented the following in the Note 40-

Comment-Note 40

In case of Unlisted 0.01% Optionally Convertible Debentures issued, Company has defaulted in payment of Interest from the year ended 31st March 2019 to 31st March 2021 amounting to Rs. 6,75,000/-

Explanation- The Company will pay the interest due at earliest.

11. EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

The Company has a website - <u>www.kohinoorsquare.in</u> and the Annual Return of the Company is published on the website. The Annual Return is annexed hereto as Annexure A.

12. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING AND OUTGO

a. Conservation of Energy & Technology Absorption

The particulars as required under the provisions of Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of conservation of energy and technology absorption have not been furnished considering the nature of activities undertaken by the company during the year under review.

b. Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo

The Foreign Exchange earned in terms of actual inflows during the year and the Foreign Exchange outgo during the year in terms of actual outflows.

	Year Ended (Rs.)		
	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	
Foreign Exchange Earnings	NIL	NIL	
Foreign Exchange Outgo	NIL	7,16,988	

13. DIRECTORS

There has been no change in constitution of Board of Directors.

14. NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

During the year 8 Board Meetings were convened and held. The intervening gap between the Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013. In compliance with the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed there under, where permitted.

15. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

Particulars of loans, investments, guarantees given that are covered under the Companies Act, 2013 are provided in the standalone financial.

16. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Since all related party transactions that were entered during the financial year were in the ordinary course of the business of the Company and were on arm's length basis.

17. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company doesn't have any subsidiaries so there is no need to prepare consolidated financial statement for the F. Y. 2020-21.

18. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Company is not required to constitute a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee as it does not fall within purview of Section 135(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and hence it is not required to formulate policy on Corporate Social Responsibility.

19. DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Based on the framework of compliance systems established and maintained by the Company, work performed by the internal, statutory, and secretarial auditors and the reviews performed by Management and the relevant Board Committees, including the Audit Committee, the Board is of the opinion that the Company's compliance systems were adequate and effective during the financial year 2020-21

Accordingly, pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors, to the best of their knowledge and ability, confirm that:

- a. In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and that there were no material departures;
- b. They have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period;
- c. They have taken proper and sufficient care, for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. They have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e. They have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

20. POLICY ON PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT AT WORKPLACE

The Company has in place a Prevention of Sexual Harassment Policy (POSH) in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the workplace(Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. The Company has not received any complaint on sexual harassment during the financial year.

21. SECRETARIAL AUDIT & SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, your Company has appointed M/S Sushil Talathi & Associates, Mumbai, (CP 9781), Company Secretaries in whole-time practice to carry out the Secretarial Audit of the Company. There is no secretarial audit qualification for the year under review.

The report of the Secretarial Auditor is enclosed.

22. VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has established a vigil mechanism and overseas through the committee for the employees and Directors under Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 6 and 7 of the Companies (Meetings of the Board and its Powers) Rules, 2013. The Company has also provided adequate safeguards against victimization of employees and Directors who express their concerns.

23. ACKNOLWEDGEMENTS

The Directors place on record their appreciation for the support and co-operation extended by all Government Authorities, Consortium Members, Bankers, Advisors, Shareholders, and employees and look forward to their continued support and co-operation in future.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: Mumbai

Date: August 2, 2021

Sandeep Shikre Director 00742671 Mona Shah Director 01212338

Annexure A

Form No. MGT-9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN As on the financial year ended on 31st March, 2021.

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. REGISTERATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

a)	CIN	U45200MH2005PTC155800
b)	Registration Date	31/08/2005
c)	Name of the Company	Kohinoor CTNL Infrastructure Company Private Limited
d)	Category/Sub-Category of the Company	PRIVATE COMPANY
e)	Address of the registered office and contact details	Kohinoor Square, N.C. Kelkar Marg, Dadar- West, Mumbai – 400 028
f)	Whether listed Company	DEBT LISTED
g)	Name, Address and Contact Details of Registrar and Transfer agent, if any	Link Intime India Private Limited Vikhroli West, Mumbai - 400083

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the Company shall be stated:-

Sr.	Name and Description of main	NIC Code of the	% to total
No.	products/services	Product/Service	turnover of the
			company
L			
1.	REAL ESTATE	41001	100

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES – NOT APPLICABLE

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

i. Category-wise Holding

Category of	1	ares held	at the begi	nning of	No. Of sha	res at the	e end of the	e year	%	
Shareholders	the year								Chan	
	Demat	Physic al	Total	% of Total shares	Demat	Physic al	Total	% of Tota I Shar es	ge durin g year	
A. Promoter			1							
(1)Indian										
a)Individual/ HUF	40000		400000	79.9	400000		400000	79.9	No Chan ge	
b)Central Govt.		:							E	
c)State Govt.(s)				117						
d)Bodies Corp.		:								
e)Banks/ FI							<u> </u>		1	
f) Any Other										

Sub Total(A) (1):-	40000	400000	79.9	400000	400000	79.9	No Chan ge
(2) Foreign							
a) NRIs- Individuals							
b)Other- Individuals							+
c) Bodies Corp.							
d) Banks/ FI							
e) Any Other							
Sub- Total(A)(2):							
Total shareholding of Promoter (A)= (A)(1)+(A)(2)	40000	400000	79.9	400000	400000	79.9	No Chan ge
B. Public Shareholding			a and a delication				
1) Institutions a) Mutual Funds / UTI							
b) Banks / FI	134	134		134	134		No Chan ge
c) Central Govt.							

d) State							
Govt.(s)						-	
e) Venture							
Capital Funds		<u> </u>					
Category of							
Shareholders			T			ı	
f) Insurance							
Companies							
f)FIIs							
h)Foreign Venture Capital Funds							
i) Others (specify) Foreign Portfolio Investors	94023	94,023	18.8	94023	94023	18.8	No Cha ge
(Corporate)			<u>L.</u>				
Sub- Total(B)(1):	94157	94157	18.8	94157	94157	18.8	No Cha ge
(2) Non- Institutions	W 91						
a) Bodies			1			1	1
Corporate							
i) Indian	6250	6250		6250	6250		No Cha ge
ii) Overseas		77					
b) Individuals							
i) Individual Shareholders							
holding nominal share capital up to							
Rs. 1 lakh							
ii) Individual Shareholders holding							

.

Sub Total (B)(2): Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+(6250 10040 7	6250 100407	20.1	6250 10040 7	6250 10040 7	20.1	No Chan
B)(2) C. Shares held							ge
by Custodian for GDR &							

(ii) Shareholding of Promoters

SI No.	Shareholder's Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year			Cumulative Shareholding during the year			% Chang
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the Comp any	% of Shares Pledged /encum bered to total shares	No. of shares	% of total Share s of the Company	% of Shares Pledged/ encumbe red to total shares	e in share holdin g durin g the year
1	Sandeep Shikre	400000	1	-	400000	1	100	-

(iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (Please specify, if there is no change)

SI No.	Shareholder's Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year		
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company	
	At the beginning of the year	400000	No change			
and the state of t	Date wise Increase/in Decrease in Promoters Shares holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase/decrease (e.g. allotment/transfer/bonus/sweat equity etc.)		No change	-		
	At the End of year	400000	No change		1	

V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of financial year				
i) Principal Amount	11,14,99,94,074	2,66,170		11,15,02,60,244
ii) Interest due but not paid	2,60,74,35,655	0	a	2,60,74,35,655

iii) Interest accrued but not due		-		-
Total (i+ii+iii)	13,75,74,29,729	2,66,170	0	13,75,76,95,89 9
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
i)Addition	2,39,90,17,862	0	0	2,39,90,17,862
ii)Reduction	(33,06,96,728)	0 '		(33,06,96,728)
Net Change	2,06,83,21,134	0	0	2,06,83,21,134
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	11,89,99,94,074	266170		11,90,02,60,244
if)Interest due but not paid	3,92,57,56,790	0	-	3,92,57,56,790
iii) Interest accrued but not due				
Total (i+ii+iii)	15,82,57,50,863	2,66,170	0	15,82,60,17,03 3

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

- A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and Manager: Not Applicable
- B. Remuneration to other directors: (Rs in Lakhs): Not Applicable
- C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD

Sl. Particulars of Remuneration no.	Total Amount			
	CEO	Company	CFO	
		Secretary		

·			Sheetal Naik	Deepak Lade	
1	Gross Salary				
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in Section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	-	8,88,799	53,20,845	62,09,644
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961				
	Commission	_	-	-	-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961				
2	Stock Option	_	-	-	-
3	Sweat Equity	~	_	-	•
4	Commission -as % of Profit - others, specify			-	-
5	Others, please specify	:		_	-
	Total		8,88,799	53,20,845	62,09,644

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES: NOT APPLICABLE

SUSHIL TALATHI & ASSOCIATES

PRACTICING COMPANY SECRETARY

Form No. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31STMARCH 2021

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
KOHINOOR CTNL INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED
CIN: U45200MH2005PTC155800
KOHINOOR SQUARE, N.C. KELKAR ROAD,
SHIVAJI PARK, DADAR-WEST
MUMBAI 400028

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by KOHINOOR CTNL INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification* of the Company's books, papers, minutes books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officer, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanation and clarification given to us and the representation made by the management and considering relaxation granted by Ministry of Corporate affairs warranted due to the spread of COVID -19 pandemic, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2021 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

Office No 9, Bldg No 1, Hema Park CHS, V S Marg, Bhandup East, Mumbai – 400042. Email id sushil@cssushiltalathi.com, Contact No 022-25666611, Mob No 9930350897



We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2021 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment (FDI), Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings (ECB);
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
 - a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; (not applicable to the company during the audit period);
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015; (not applicable to the company during the audit period);
 - c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 and amendment from time to time; (not applicable to the company during the audit period);
 - d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employees Benefits) Regulations, 2014; (not applicable to the company during the audit period);
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
 - f. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993; (not applicable to the company during the audit period)

Page 2 of 6

Practicing Company Secretary

- g. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; (not applicable to the company during the audit period); and
- h. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities)
 Regulations, 1998; (not applicable to the company during the audit
 period);
- (vi) Having regard to the compliance system prevailing in the Company and on the examination of the relevant documents, forms, records, in pursuance thereof, on test check basis, the Company has generally complied following laws, being specifically applicable to the Company and identified by the Company:
 - a. The Maharashtra State Tax on Professions, Traders, callings and Employments Act, 1975.

Our report of compliance of other laws would be limited to the Company's reporting in system & submissions of documents and subject to the observations and comments made by them in their report, if any.

We have also examined compliance with applicable clauses of the following:

- Secretarial Standards with respect to Board & General Meetings of The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (LODR).

During the period under review and as per the explanations and clarifications given to us and the representations made by the Management, the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that we have relied on the report of Internal as well as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for compliance system relating to direct tax, indirect tax and other tax law.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the company is duly constituted with proper balance of the Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors. The composition of the Board of Directors was not changed during the period under review.



Page 3 of 6

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent in and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Decisions of the Board are taken unanimously. As per the records provided by the company, none of the Directors or members dissented on any resolution passed at the meeting.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines. The company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed applicable statutory dues.

We further report that during the audit period there were no specific events / actions having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, etc.

* Due to second wave of COVID 19, we have limitation for physical verification of all records, we have relied on the records, documents etc. which are made available to us electronically by the company viz attendance register, statutory register, soft copy of minutes, Notices, proof for circulation of notice, minutes etc.



Place: Mumbai

Date: 02nd August, 2021 UDIN: F008506C000722021 For SUSHIL TALATHI & ASSOCIATES
Practicing Company Secretary

Sushil Talathi

Proprietor

Membership No. F8506

C.P.No. 9781

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as 'ANNEXURE A' and forms an integral part of this report.

Annexure A

To,
The Members,
KOHINOOR CTNL INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED
CIN: U45200MH2005PTC155800
KOHINOOR SQUARE, N.C.KELKAR ROAD,
SHIVAJI PARK, DADAR-WEST
MUMBAI 400028

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.



 The secretarial audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.



Place: Mumbai

Date: 02nd August, 2021 UDIN: F008506C000722021 For SUSHIL TALATHI & ASSOCIATES
Practicing Company Secretary

Sushil Talathi Proprietor

Membership No. F8506

C.P.No. 9781



2nd Floor, Kapur House, Paranjape B Scheme Road No. 1, Vile Parle (E), Mumbai 400057 T: 91 22 2663 3500 www.mmchitale.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Kohinoor CTNL Infrastructure Company Pvt Ltd.

Report on the Audit of Ind AS Financial Statements

1. Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of Kohinoor CTNL Infrastructure Company Pvt Ltd ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as 'Ind AS financial statements').

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, as amended of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, its loss, other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

2. Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing, as prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on Ind AS financial statements.

3. Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Inn'



Sr.	Key Audit Matter	Auditors Response
no.		
Α	Revenue Recognition	1.5
3	The Company's policies on revenue recognition is set out in Note 2 (xiii) to the Ind AS Financial Statements.	Our audit procedures related to the revenue recognition included, but not limited to the following:
	The Company has adopted Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" As per the principles of Ind AS 115, revenue from sale of residential /commercial properties is recognized when the performance obligations are essentially complete and credit risks have been significantly eliminated. On the same line, the Company follows point in time recognition of revenue recognition.	 Assessed the applicability of Ind AS 115 in consonance with applicability of relevant laws specific to real estate; Evaluated the appropriateness of the Company's revenue recognition policies with respect to the principles of Ind AS 115 Enquiring from the management and inspecting the internal controls related to revenue recognition for ensuring the completeness of the
	The performance obligations are considered to be complete when control over the property has been transferred to the buyer i.e. offer for possession of properties have been issued to the customers. Further, management considers that credit risks to have been significantly eliminated when substantial sales consideration is received from the customers.	ensuring the completeness of the customer sales, issue of possession letters and the recording of customer receipts; Revenue Recognition and Cost allocation is ensured with following Audit procedures: a. Verification of the construction cost incurred on sample basis along with the proof of the same to ensure completeness;
	The amount of revenue and cost thereon on contracts with customers forms a substantial part of the statement of profit and loss and management judgement is also involved in the interpretation of these conditions.	b. testing the controls over the revenue recognition with specific focus on determination of progress of completion, recording of cost incurred and estimation of cost to complete the remaining contract obligations.
	Considering its significant impact on the Ind AS financial statements of the company, it has been considered as a key audit matter in the current year.	c. testing controls and management processes pertaining to transfer of control in case of real estate projects.
		d. verification of completion of performance obligation and cost incurred for the same.

Jun-



		Ensured that the disclosure requirements of Ind AS 115 have been complied with
В	Absolute reliance on electronic evidence In view of the lockdown pursuant to Covid-19 outbreak in India, our audit teams have conducted the major part of the audit from remote location. As a result, we have relied completely on digital or electronic evidence as a part of our audit process till the date of this report. Had we been physically present at the Company premises, we would have otherwise verified the physical copies of critical documents and we would have collected the audit evidence in physical copies.	We have carried out the validation of the digital / electronic evidence provided by the management by performing the following procedures: a. Understanding the process implemented by the management to convert physical documents into digital / electronic version. b. Correlating various attributes of the electronic evidence obtained to ensure consistency and integrity. c. Getting representations from the management wherever necessary.

4. Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to:

Note No. 35 to the Ind AS financial statements, which explain the uncertainties and management's assessment of the financial impact due to the lockdown and other restrictions imposed by the Government and condition related to the COVID-19 pandemic situation, for which definitive assessment of the impact would highly depend upon circumstances as they evolve in the subsequent period.

Note No. 39 to the Ind AS financial statements regarding the non availability of the bank statements for the year and bank balance certificate of certain current accounts. The balances under said accounts are subject to confirmation and reconciliation, if any. The necessary effect, if any, shall be taken into account on completion of the reconciliation. In the opinion of the management, there would not be any material impact of this on the Ind AS financial statements and we have relied upon the same.

Note No. 40 of the Ind AS Financial Statements regarding default in Interest Payment on Unlisted 0.01% Optionally Convertible Debentures.

Our Opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

5. Information other than the Ind AS financial statements and Auditor's report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors Report, but does not include the Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. These reports are expected to be made available to us after the date of our auditor's report.

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Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the other information included in the above reports, if we conclude that there is material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and determine the actions under the applicable laws and regulations.

6. Management's responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Ind AS accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

7. Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with

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Standards on auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- i) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ii) Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- iii) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- iv) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- v) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

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From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

8. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- i) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 (the "Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, and on the basis of such verification of the books and records as considered appropriate and available and according to the information and explanations given to us, we enclose in the Annexure 'A' a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the order, to the extent applicable.
- ii As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit except for the matter specified in para 4 under Emphasis of Matter.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flow and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - e) On the basis of written representations received from directors as on 31st March 2021 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2021 from being appointed as director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure 'B'.
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best

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of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the provisions of said section are not applicable to the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021.

h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on the financial position in its Ind AS financial statements to the extent determinable / ascertainable as referred to in Note 25 to the Ind AS financial statements;
- The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses; and
- iii. There are no amounts which are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Mukund M. Chitale & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 106655W

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(S.M. Chitale) Partner M. No. 111383

UDIN: 21111383AAAAJK8165

Place : Mumbai

Date: June 30, 2021



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Ind AS financial statements of Kohinoor CTNL Infrastructure Company Private Limited

Referred to in paragraph [8(i)] under Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of our report of even date

- a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situations of fixed assets, except for certain items of plant and machinery and vehicles for which location of said assets were under process of being compiled/updated.
 - b) According to information and explanations given to us, fixed assets of the Company are being physically verified according to a phased program of verification so as to verify all assets within a period of three years, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its fixed assets. As informed, during the year no material discrepancies to the extent reconciled with the records available in this respect were noticed on such verifications
 - c) According to the information and explanations given by the management and on the basis of examination of the records of the Company, Company does not have any Immovable Property hence clause 3(i)(c) of the order is not applicable.
- ii) As informed to us, the inventories have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals during the year. Further according to the information and explanations given to us, the discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical stocks and book records were not material having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its operations and have been properly dealt with in the books of account.
- iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(iii)(a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, provisions of section 186 of the Act in respect of investments made have been complied with by the Company. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, guarantees and securities granted in respect of which provisions of section 185 and section 186 of the Act are applicable and hence not commented upon.
- v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits during the year from public within the meaning of the directives issued by Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder and thus the provisions of Clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable.

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- vi) According to information and explanations given to us Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records specified under section 148 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013. For the level of activity carried out by the company.
- vii) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues the Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Income Tax, Custom Duty, Goods and Service Tax, Cess, Tax deducted at source during the year ended 31.03.2021. There were no undisputed amounts of statutory dues including Provident Fund, Income Tax, Custom Duty, Goods and Service Tax, Cess, Tax deducted at source which were due for more than six months from the date they become payable as at the year end.
 - a) According to the records examined by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, the particulars of statutory dues as at March 31, 2021 there were no disputed amounts of statutory dues which were due for more than six months from the date they become payable.
 - b) According to the records examined by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues in respect of Sales Tax, Service Tax, Goods and Services Tax, Value Added Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any disputes except for Income Tax and Tax Deduction at Source to the extent mentioned herein below

Nature of Dues	Amount (In Rs)	Assessment Year	Remark
Tax on Share Premium received	1,18,74,99,981/-	2009-10	Company had filed a writ petition with Bombay High Court but hearing has not yet Scheduled
Tax on disallowance of Interest on loan from to EARC	7,40,53,598/-	2016-17	The Company had filed an Appealthe before CIT(A) – 12
Tax on addition of Enhancement in sales recognition	20,89,97,229/-	2016-17	The Company had filed an Appealthe before CIT(A) – 12
Interest considered as income from other sources rather than as Business income.	8,57,250/-	2013-14	The Company had filed an Appealthe before CIT(A) – 12





Tax Deduction at Source

Financial Year	Short Deduction	Interest on Payments Default u/s 201	Interest on Deduction Default u/s 201	Late Filing Fee u/s 234E	Interest u/s 220(2)	Total Default
2020-21		274.5			4	274.5
2019-20		1,810		20,400		22,210
2018-19		41,101				41,101
2017-18		82,485		1,600	128	84,213
Prior Years	1,219	83,80,913	1,490	200	11,273	83,95,096

viii) According to information and explanation provided to us and as per our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to any Financial Institutions, banks and debenture holders as at the balance sheet date except for the following instances of default in repayment of interest on Optionally Convertible Debentures.

Debenture	Amount in Rs.	Principal/ Interest	No. of Days Delayed
0.01% Optionally Convertible Debenture	2,25,000	Interest	731
0.01% Optionally Convertible Debenture	2,25,000	Interest	365
0.01% Optionally Convertible Debenture	2,25,000	Interest	1

- According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has raised money by issuing Non Convertible Debentures listed on recognized Stock Exchange. The Company has used the Term Loans for the purpose for which they were raised.
- x) During the course of our examination of books of accounts and as far as records / details made available and verified by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud on or by the Company, noticed and reported during the year, nor we have been informed of such case by the management.
- xi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company not being a public company, provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the company and accordingly clause no. 3 (xi) of the Order is not applicable.
- xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company is not a nidhi Company. Accordingly, provision of clause 3 (xii) of the order is not applicable.
- xiii) The Company has entered into transactions with related parties incompliance with the provisions of Section 177 and 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act.

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- xiv) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year, therefore provisions of Clause 3(xiv) are not applicable.
- xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or person connected with them. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 are not applicable to the Company. The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly the provisions of clause 3(xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

For Mukund M. Chitale & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 106655W

Glitale

(S.M. Chitale) Partner M. No. 111383

UDIN: 21111383AAAAJK8165

Place: Mumbai

Date: June 30, 2021



2nd Floor, Kapur House, Paranjape B Scheme Road No. 1, Vile Parle (E), Mumbai 400057 T: 91 22 2663 3500 www.mmchitale.com

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the standalone Ind AS financial statements of Kohinoor CTNL Infrastructure Company Private Limited

Referred to in paragraph [8(ii)(f)] under Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of our report of even date

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

 We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Kohinoor CTNL Infrastructure Company Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India" (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

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Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

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Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Mukund M. Chitale & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 106655W

Shitale_

(S.M. Chitale) Partner M. No. 111383

UDIN: 21111383AAAAJK8165

Place : Mumbai Date : June 30, 2021

Destination 1			(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
I] ASSETS			
A] Non-Current Assets		1	
(i) Property, Plant & Equipment	3	21,06,300	36,24,893
(ii) Capital Work in Progress		21,00,000	30,24,093
(iii) Intangible Assets	- 3	9,63,758	16,45,041
(iv) Financial Assets		0,00,700	10,45,041
(a) Investments	4	. 1	
(b) Loans		5 //	[]
(c) Other Financial Assets	5	9,96,75,966	0 22 27 022
(v) Income Tax Assets (Net)		3,30,73,300	9,32,37,022
(vi) Other Non-Current Assets	6	2,19,66,763	1 13 01 007
Total Non-Current Assets - [A]		12,47,12,787	1,43,91,907 11,28,98,863
B] Current Assets	8	27 75 50	
(i) Inventories	7	17,58,47,10,364	17,38,08,92,283
(ii) Financial Assets		17,50,47,10,504	17,36,06,92,263
(a) Investments	4	9,07,04,374	2 24 46 724
(b) Trade Receivables	8	75,67,77,721	2,31,46,731
(c) Cash and Bank Balances	9		1,00,51,25,097
(d) Loans	9	46,72,40,547	9,16,46,276
(e) Other Financial Assets	5	25 40 274	=
(iii) Other Current Assets	10	35,48,371	-
Total Current Assets - [B]	10	82,57,18,436	86,44,23,356
		19,72,86,99,813	19,36,52,33,743
Total Assets - [A +B]		19,85,34,12,600	19,47,81,32,606
II] EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
A] Equity			
(i) Equity Share Capital	11	50,04,070	50,04,070
(ii)Other Equity	12	(9,67,98,76,260)	(7,58,45,85,076)
Total Equity	100000	(9,67,48,72,190)	(7,57,95,81,006)
B] Liabilities			_
1] Non-Current Liabilities			
(i) Financial Liabilities			100
(a) Borrowings	13	7,04,42,33,981	6,83,22,75,691
(b) Other Financial Liability	16	1,04,42,00,001	0,03,22,73,091
(ii) Provisions	14	2,46,53,28,160	2,46,42,15,794
(iii) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	1.00	2,40,00,20,100	2,40,42,15,794
(iv) Other Non-Current Liabilities		- 1	
Total Non-Current Liabilities - A		9,50,95,62,141	9,29,64,91,485
2] Current Liabilities			5000000 2500 F3000 F50 F5000 F50 F5000 F50 F50
(i) Financial Liabilities			
(a) Borrowings	13	4.75.00.00.000	2.00.70.44.000
(b) Trade Payable	13	4,75,00,00,000	3,98,78,44,666
- Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small	k 1	27.0	
Enterprises	15	84,84,900	78,68,263
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than			
Micro and Small Enterprises	15	33,58,04,180	43,67,17,095
(c) Other Financial Liabilities	-	_ A Z _60 ,,	AND SAID MESSES
(ii) Other Current Liabilities	16	3,96,49,93,457	2,61,75,95,255
(ii) Other Current Liabilities (iii) Provisions	17	10,95,91,29,628	10,71,09,92,101
	14	3,10,484	2,04,747
(iv) Current Tax Liabilities Total Current Liabilities - B		20,01,87,22,650	17,76,12,22,127
Total Equity and Liabilities - [A + B]		19,85,34,12,600	19,47,81,32,606
	E i		

The notes on accounts form integral part of the financial statements.

1 to 43

As per our Report of even date

For MUKUND M CHITALE & CO.

Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 106655W

(S. M. Chitale) Partner M.No. 111383

Place: Mumbai

Date: 30th June 2021

For & on behalf of the Board Kohinoor CTNL Infrastructure Company Pvt. Ltd.

> Sandeep Shikre (Director)

DIN: 00742671

Mona Shah (Director) DIN: 01212338

Deepak Lade

Place: Mumbai

(CFO)

Sheetal Naik Company Secretary

Date: 30th June 2021

Kohinoor KCTNL Infrastructure Company Pvt Ltd

Statement Of Profit and Loss for the Year Ended 31st March, 2021

	т т	Year Ended	Year Ended
Particulars	Note No.	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
	1	March 51, 2021	Watch 51, 2020
INCOME	1 1		_
Revenue from Operations	18	67,92,37,121	5,27,76,53,357
Other Income	19	7,82,61,921	2,61,85,219
Total Revenue [I]		75,74,99,042	5,30,38,38,576
I] EXPENSES		The state of the s	80 - 0000 - 1,000 - 0000 - 0000 topin
Project Expenses	20	51,58,07,867	1,09,01,28,987
Changes In Inventory of Finished Goods and Work In Progress	21	(20,38,18,082)	1,73,88,86,061
Employee Benefits Expense	22	6,05,17,344	6,35,28,814
Finance Costs	23	1,88,08,66,401	1,85,69,10,726
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	3	23,17,389	27,30,063
Other Expenses	24	59,77,49,500	70,55,08,849
Total Expenses [II]		2,85,34,40,419	5,45,76,93,501
Exceptional Item		-	-
III] Profit / (Loss) before tax [I-II]		(2,09,59,41,378)	(15,38,54,925)
Less:	1 1	7	
IV] Tax Expenses	1. 1		
Current Tax	1 1		
Deferred Tax Expense / (Income)			
	1 1	6. The second se	<u> </u>
V] Profit / (Loss) After Tax for the year [III-IV]		(2,09,59,41,378)	(15,38,54,925)
VI] Other Comprehensive Income	4		
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to Profit and Loss		(00 700)	(77.000)
- Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Liability - Gain / (Loss)		(22,799)	(77,262)
- Fair Value change in Equity instruments - Gain / (Loss)		6,72,992	11,10,640
- Income Tax relating to remeasurements of Defined Benefit income / (expense)			
Other Comprehensive Income for the year net of tax [VI]		6,50,193	10,33,378
VII] Total Comprehensive Income for the year [V+VI]		(2,09,52,91,185)	(15,28,21,547)
VIII] Earnings Per Equity Share (Face value of Rs 10 each)		A	
	27	(4,187.17)	(305.39)
(1) Basic	2,	(4,187.17)	(305.39)
(2) Diluted		(4,107.11)	1000.00

The Notes on Accounts form integral part of the Financial Statements

1 to 43

As per our Report of even date

For MUKUND M CHITALE & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Regn. No. 106655W

(S. M. Chitale) Partner M.No. 111383

Place: Mumbai

Date: 30th June 2021

(CFO)

Place: Mumbai Date: 30th June 2021

Kohinoor CTNL Infrastructure Company Pvt. Ltd.

For & on behalf of the Board

Sandeen Shikre

(Director)

DIN: 00742671

Mona Shah (Director)

DIN: 01212338

(Amount in Rs.)

Deepak Lade

Sheetal Naik Company Secretary

Kohinoor KCTNL Infrastructure Company Pvt Ltd

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2021

A. Equity share capital		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	Note	Amount (Rs.)
Balance as on March 31, 2019	- 11	50,04,070
Changes in equity for the Year ended March 31, 2019		
Balance as on March 31, 2020	±	50.04.070
Changes in equity for the Year ended March 31, 2020		
Balance as on March 31, 2021	7	50,04,070

B. Other equity		3.0				(Amount in Rs.)
			Reserves and Surplus			
Particulars	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	General Reserve	Retained earnings	Other Comprehensive Income	Total
Balance as on March 31, 2019	1,04,06,62,590	3,95,83,33,270	4,74,16,94,240	(17,20,00,31,129)	2,75,77,499	(7,43,17,63,529)
Profit or (loss) For the Year Transfer From OCI Transfer To Retained Earnings Fair Value Change in Short term Investments Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Liability- Gain/(Loss)				(15,38,54,925) 2,75,77,499	(2,75,77,499) 11,10,640 (77,262)	(15,38,54,925) 2,75,77,499 (2,75,77,499) 11,10,640 (77,262)
Balance as on March 31, 2020	1,04,06,62,590	3,95,83,33,270	4,74,16,94,240	(17,32,63,08,555)	10,33,378	(7,58,45,85,076)
Profit or (loss) For the Year Transfer From OCI Transfer To Retained Earnings Fair Value Change in Short term Investments Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Liability- Gain/(Loss)	Ni.		a x	(2,09,59,41,378) 11,10,640	(11,10,640) 6,72,992 (22,799)	(2,09,59,41,378) 11,10,640 (11,10,640) 6,72,992 (22,799)
Balance as on March 31, 2021	1,04,06,62,590	3,95,83,33,270	4,74,16,94,240	(19,42,11,39,292)	5,72,931	(9,67,98,76,260)

Refer Note 12 for nature and purpose of Reserves

The notes on accounts form intergral part of the financial statements

As per our Report of even date

For MUKUND M CHITALE & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 106655W Sindall (S. M. Chitale) Partner M.No. 111383

Place: Mumbai Date: 30th June 2021

Sandeep Shikre (Director) DIN: 00742671

Place: Mumbai Date: 30th June 2021

For and on behalf of the Board Kohinoor CTNL Infrastructure Company Pvt. Ltd.

Mona Shah (Director) DIN: 01212338

Sheetal Naik Company Secretary

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2021

		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	31.03.2021	31.03.2020
Net Profit / (loss) before Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss Adjustments for:	(2,09,59,41,378)	(15,38,54,925
Depreciation	23,17,389	27,30,063
Operating Profit Before Working Capital changes	(2,09,36,23,989)	(15,11,24,862
Working Capital Changes:	E	
(Increase)/Decrease in Current and Non- Current Assets	5,59,51,078	75,17,09,803
Increase/(Decrease) in Current and Non Current Liabilities	1,49,52,16,653	(2,29,13,18,941
Increase/(Decrease) in Provisions	12,18,103	13,99,295
Cash generated from / (Used in) operations	(54,12,38,154)	(1,68,93,34,705
Income tax paid	1,03,93,958	76,52,185
NET CASH GENERATED FROM / (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES TOTAL A)	(53,08,44,196)	(1,68,16,82,520
TOTAL A)		
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of Fixed Assets	(1,17,514)	(44 57 450
Sale of Fixed Assets	(1,17,514)	(44,57,453
Purchase of Investments	(38,00,00,000)	(95,00,00,000
Sale of Investments	31,24,42,357	1,50,31,21,754
NET GENERATED FROM / (USED IN) IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	2 6 6 6 6.50	1,00,01,21,101
(TOTAL B)	(6,76,75,157)	54,86,64,301
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from Share Capital - including premium	I	
(Repayment)/ Proceeds of Borrowings	97,41,13,624	1,20,79,47,629
Increase/(Decrease) in Unsecured Loan	-	1,20,79,47,029
NET CASH GENERATED FROM / (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	97,41,13,624	1,20,79,47,629
TOTAL C)	- 1 M2 M2 M3	
Net Increase/(Decrease) of Cash & Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	37,55,94,270	7,49,29,410
Add: Cash & Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	9,16,46,276	1,67,16,866
Cash & Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	46,72,40,547	9,16,46,276
	7000 10 till	2 (\$1) 2 (\$1) \$1 (\$1) \$1 (\$1) \$1
Closing Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash in Hand	62,468	1,40,837
Bank Balance with Scheduled Banks	32,100	1,40,037
in Current Account	12.02.00.004	0.05.05
in Fixed Deposit Account	13,02,86,901	3,65,05,440
	33,68,91,178	5,50,00,000

The Notes on Account form integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our Report of even date

For MUKUND M CHITALE & CO. **Chartered Accountants** Firm Regn. No. 106655W

(S. M. Chitale) Partner M.No. 111383

Place: Mumbai

Date: 30th June 2021



For & on behalf of the Board Kohinoor CTNL Infrastructure Company Pvt. Ltd.

46,72,40,547

Sandeep Shikre

(Director) DIN: 00742671

Mona Shah (Director)

1 to 43

DIN: 01212338

9,16,46,276

Deepak Lade (CFO)

Sheetal Naik Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai Date: 30th June 2021

Note 1. Company Overview

The Company was incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 and the certificate of incorporation and certificate for commencement of business was issued by the Registrar of Companies on August 31st, 2005 and October 11th, 2005 respectively.

The Company's Non Convertible Debentures are listed on Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) with effect from 21st March 2018.

The Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process had been initiated in respect of Kohinoor CTNL Infrastructure Company Private Limited (the "Company") under the provisions of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("IBC"), with effect from June 16, 2017, by an order of the National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench ("NCLT").

As per section 17 of the IBC, 2016, the powers of the Board of Directors stand suspended, and such powers are vested with the Resolution Professional appointed for the Company.

On December 26, 2017, the Committee of Creditors of the Company ("CoC") approved the resolution plan ("Resolution Plan") submitted by M/s. Sandeep Shikre and Associates ("SSA / Resolution Applicant") to the Resolution Professional for the Company, Mr. Sripatham V. Ramkumar ("Resolution Professional") in accordance with the provisions of the IBC. The Resolution Plan was submitted for NCLT approval on December 29, 2017. The NCLT, by its order dated February 21, 2018, approved the Resolution Plan ("Order / NCLT Order").

Pursuant to MCA notification, IND AS was to be applicable to the company from FY 2017-18 onwards, however considering invocation of Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP) and transition into new management the company had requested the NCLT to apply the IND AS from the FY 2018-19 onwards. NCLT vide its order dated February 21, 2018 had approved the deferment, accordingly the company has adopted IND AS with effect from 1st April, 2018 with comparatives being restated.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

i. Basis of Preparation of financial statements

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs under sections 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules 2017.

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March 2021 were approved for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors on 30th June 2021.

ii. Basis of accounting

The Company maintains its accounts on accrual basis following the historical cost convention, except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values in accordance with Ind AS. Further, the guidance notes/ announcements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) are also considered, wherever applicable except to the extent where compliance with other statutory promulgations override the same requiring a different treatment.

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iii. Presentation of Financial Statements

The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and Statement of Changes in equity are prepared and presented in the format prescribed in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). The disclosure requirements with respect to items in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss, as prescribed in the Schedule III to the Act, are presented by way of notes forming part of the financial statements along with the other notes required to be disclosed under the notified Accounting Standards and SEBI LODR.

iv. Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgement or complexity and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgements is included in the relevant note.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

A. Judgements in applying accounting policies

The judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see note below) that the Company has made in the process of applying its accounting policies and that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in these financial statements pertain to useful life of assets. The Company is required to determine whether its intangible assets have indefinite or finite life which is a subject matter of judgement. The management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation to be recorded during any reporting period.

B. Key source of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

a) Property, Plant and Equipment

Determination of the estimated useful lives of tangible assets and the assessment as to which components of the cost may be capitalized. Useful lives of tangible assets are based on the life prescribed in Schedule II

Companies Act, 2013. In cases, where the useful lives are different from that prescribed in Schedule II, they are based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers' warranties and maintenance support.

b) Recognition and measurement of defined benefit obligations

The obligation arising from defined benefit plan is determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions. Key actuarial assumptions include discount rate, trends in salary escalation and attrition rate. The discount rate is determined based on the benchmark yields available on Government Securities as at the Valuation Date with terms matching that of the liabilities and the salary increase rates take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factor for the estimated term of the obligations

c) Recognition of deferred tax assets / liabilities

A deferred tax asset / liabilities is recognised for all the deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised.

d) Recognition and measurement of other provision

The recognition and measurement of other provisions are based on the assessment of the probability of an outflow of resources, and on past experience and circumstances known at the balance sheet date. The actual outflow of resources at a future date may therefore vary from the figure included in other provisions.

e) Discounting of long-term financial instrument

All financial instruments are required to be measured at fair value on initial recognition. In case of financial instruments which are required to subsequently measured at amortised cost, interest is accrued using the effective interest method.

v. Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded-off to the nearest Rupees.

vi. Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the company.

Property, plant and equipment which are not ready for intended use as on the date of Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Capital work-in-progress".

vii. Depreciation / Amortisation

Determination of the estimated useful lives of tangible assets and the assessment as to which components of the cost may be capitalized. Useful lives of tangible assets are based on the life prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. In cases, where the useful lives are different from that prescribed in Schedule II, they are based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers' warranties and maintenance support.

Useful lives and residual values are reviewed annually. Depreciation on Tangible assets is provided on written down value method for the useful life specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

viii. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the intangible assets.

Identifiable intangible assets are recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits attributed to the asset will flow to the Company and the cost of the asset can be reliably measured. Computer software is capitalised at the amounts paid to acquire the respective license for use and are amortised over the period of useful lives by written down value method for the useful life/rates specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and are adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

ix. Inventories

Work in progress is valued at cost or Net Realisable value (NRV) whichever is lower. Cost includes cost of land, contract cost, cost of materials and cost of borrowings to the extent it relates to specific project, services and other related projected overheads.

x. Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset or cash generating unit (CGU) may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. The recoverable amount is the company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset.

higher of an asset's or CGU's net selling price or its value in use. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

xi. Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

a. Financial Assets

Initial Recognition

The Company recognizes financial assets when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets are recognized at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivables which are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets that are not at fair value through profit or loss are added to the fair value on initial recognition.

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets measured at fair value or as financial assets measured at amortised cost.

Subsequent measurement

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in two broad categories:-

- a) Financial assets at fair value
- b) Financial assets at amortised cost

Where assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognised entirely in the statement of profit and loss (i.e fair value through profit or loss), or recognised in other comprehensive income (i.e. fair value through other comprehensive income).

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

b. Financial liabilities

Initial recognition

The company initially recognises borrowings, trade payables and related financial liabilities on the date on which they are originated.

All other financial instruments (including regular-way purchases and sales of financial assets) are recognised on the trade date, which is the date on which the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for contingent consideration recognized in a business combination which is subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

xii. Provisions and Contingencies

Provisions involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Contingent liabilities are not provided for and are disclosed by way of notes.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost in the statement of profit and loss

xiii. Revenue recognition

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of properties. Effective from 01 April 2018, the Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standard 115 (Ind AS 115) -'Revenue from contracts with customers' using the Completion Contract Method, applied to all contracts that were not completed as on the transition date i.e. 01 April 2018. The company has assessed it all the company has a second it all the company ha

the impact of change in policy from percentage of completion method to point in time recognition in previous periods as the Company has adopted full retrospective approach and accordingly, restated the impact at the beginning of the period.

Revenue from sale of properties under construction is recognized when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of promised good or service to a customer in accordance with Ind AS 115. An entity 'transfers' a good or service to a customer when the customer obtains control of that asset. Control may be transferred either at a point in time or over time.

The Company transfers control of flats and units at a point in time and, therefore, satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue at a point in time. Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised units to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration that the Company expects to receive in exchange for those units.

Interest on Investments is accounted on accrual basis taking into account the amount invested and the rate of interest. Interest on Bank Deposits is accounted as per date when it has been accrued.

xiv. Borrowing Cost

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to procurement or construction of Property Plant and Equipment's are capitalized as part of project cost. Other borrowing costs are recognized as expense in the period in which they are incurred.

xv. Earnings per equity share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to the equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to the equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period present

xvi. Cash Flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

xvii. Employee Benefits

Short Term Employment benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages etc. and the expected cost of ex-gratia are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Post Employment Employee Benefits

Retirement benefits to employees comprise payments to government provident funds and gratuity fund

Defined Contribution Plans

The Company's contribution to defined contributions plans i.e. Provident Fund is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due. There are no other obligations other than the contribution payable to the respective Funds

Defined Benefit Plans

Gratuity liability is defined benefit obligation. The Company's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value.

The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation by an independent actuary, using the projected unit credit method, which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan, are based on the market yields on Government securities as at the Balance Sheet date.

Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in Other Comprehensive Income. Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset), to the net defined liability (asset) at the start of the financial year after taking into account any changes as a result of contribution and benefit payments during the year. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

Actuarial gains/losses are recognized in the other comprehensive income.

xviii. Income Taxes

Current Tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax reflects the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received after considering the uncertainty, if any, related to income taxes. It is measured using tax rates (and tax laws) enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it is intended to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

Appendix C to Ind AS 12 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments:

The interpretation addresses the accounting for income taxes when tax treatments involve uncertainty that affects the application of Ind AS 12 and does not apply to taxes or levies outside the scope of Ind AS 12, nor does it specifically include requirements relating to interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax treatments. The interpretation specifically addresses the following:

- Whether an entity considers uncertain tax treatments separately
- The assumptions an entity makes about the examination of tax treatments by taxation authorities
- How an entity determines taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates
- How an entity considers changes in facts and circumstances

The Company has determined whether to consider each uncertain tax treatment separately or together with one or more other uncertain tax treatments. The approach that better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty has be followed. In determining the approach that better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty, the Company considers, for example, (a) how it prepares its income tax filings and supports tax treatments; or (b) how the Company expects the taxation authority to make its examination and resolve issues that might arise from that examination.

The amendment is effective from April 1, 2019. The Company has evaluated the effect of Ind AS 12 amendment on the financial statements and concluded that there is no material impact on the retained earnings and on its profit for the year ended March 31, 2021

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is also recognised in respect of carried forward tax losses and tax credits. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognized as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or the substantive enactment date. A deferred income tax asset is recognized to the taxable income taxable

the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized. The company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The income tax provision for the interim period is made based on the best estimate of the annual average tax rate expected to be applicable for the full financial year.

The company has not recognised the deferred tax assets on account of unabsorbed depreciation and carried forward losses, as they are not considered to be virtually certain of its realisation.

xix. Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

For cash and other liquid assets, the fair value is assumed to approximate to book value, given the short term nature of these instruments. For those items with a stated maturity exceeding twelve months, fair value is calculated using a discounted cash flow methodology.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset considers a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the company has determined classes of assets and liabilities based on the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

xx. Current and Non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification.

The Company has presented non-current assets and current assets before equity, non-current liabilities and current liabilities in accordance with Schedule III, Division II of Companies Act, 2013 notified by MCA.

An asset is classified as current when it is:

- a) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- b) Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- c) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- d) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when it is:

- a) Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- b) Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- c) Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- d) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities. The Company has identified twelve months as its normal operating cycle.

Kohinoor KCTNL Infrastructure Company Pvt Ltd

NOTE 3: PROPERTY PLANT & EQUIPMENT AND OTHER INTENGIBLE ASSETS

							(Amount in Rs.)
The state of the s			Tangible assets			Other Intangible assets	
Particulars	Computers	Furniture & Fixtures	Machinery	Office Equipments	Total	Computer Software	Grand total
As at April 1, 2019 Additions during the period Deletions / Adjustments during the period	17,68,474 14,46,820	10,21,635 5,85,991	24,91,742	1,88,209 1,02,098	54,70,060 21,34,909	3,77,536 23,22,544	58,47,596 44,57,453
As at March 31, 2020	32,15,294	16,07,626	24,91,742	2,90,307	76,04,969	27,00,080	1,03,05,049
Additions during the period Deletions / Adjustments during the period	,	į		1	,	1,17,514	1,17,514
As at March 31, 2021	32,15,294	16,07,626	24,91,742	2,90,307	76,04,969	28,17,594	1,04,22,562
Depreciation and Amortisation	SA.						ř
As at April 1, 2019	7,43,303		9,24,301	50,444	22,17,352	87,700	23,05,052
Charge for the year Deletions / Adjustments during the year	11,71,657	1,97,254	3,67,091	26,722	17,62,724	9,67,339	27,30,063
As at March 31, 2020	19,14,960	6,96,558	12,91,392	77,166	39,80,076	10,55,039	50,35,115
Charge for the year Deletions / Adjustments during the year	9,20,552	2,87,974	2,69,408	40,658	15,18,592	7,98,797	23,17,389
As at March 31, 2021	28,35,512	9,84,532	15,60,800	1,17,824	54,98,668	18,53,836	73,52,504
Net Book value As at March 31, 2020 As at March 31, 2021	13,00,334	9,11,068 6,23,094	12,00,350 9,30,942	2,13,141	36,24,893 21,06,300	16,45,041 9,63,758	52,69,934





NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4: INVESTMENTS

Non Current Investments

		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Non Current Investments		3
Total	-	

Current Investments

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Investment measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)		
Investment in Mutual Fund Edelweiss Liquid Fund (31.03.2021 - 34181.582 units of Rs. 2653.60 each) (31.03.2020 - 9049.458 units of Rs. 2557.80 each)	9,07,04,374	2,31,46,731
Total	9,07,04,374	2,31,46,731

Category wise Investment	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Financial Assets measured at Cost		
Financial Assets measured at FVTOCI	9,07,04,374	2,31,46,731
Financial Assets measured at FVTPL		

Total Non Current Investments	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Aggregate Book Value of Quoted Investments	9,00,31,383	2,20,36,091
Aggregate Market Value of Quoted Investments	9,07,04,374	2,31,46,731
Aggregate Book Value of Unquoted Investments		

NOTE 5

OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

(Amount in Rs.)

OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		(Amount in No.)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	
Non Current			
Fixed Deposits with Bank with maturity greater than twelve months	V220 2000 Bloc 00000000		
[Refer Note 9]	8,45,42,000	8,45,42,000	
Interest Accrued on Fixed deposits	1,09,13,055	44,74,111	
Other Advances recoverable in Cash or in kind or for value to be received	42,20,911	42,20,911	
Total Non Current Financial Asset	9,96,75,966	9,32,37,022	
Current	8 E		
Interest Accrued on Fixed Deposits	35,48,371	. 9	
Total Current Financial Asset	35,48,371	-	
Total	10,32,24,337	9,32,37,022	



NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NOTE 6 OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
(Unsecured, Considered Good)	d	
Security Deposits - Others Deposit with Income Tax authorities	28,50,899	28,50,899
Deposit with income Tax authorities	1,91,15,864	1,15,41,008
Total	2,19,66,763	1,43,91,907

N	O	T	E	7

INVENTORIES Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	(Amount in Rs.) As at March 31, 2020
Finished Goods (Constructed Units) Work-in-Progress	2,76,49,88,637 14,81,97,21,727	2,26,56,39,073 15,11,52,53,210
Total	17,58,47,10,364	17,38,08,92,283

TRADE RECEIVABLES		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Non-current	•	•
Total Non-Current		
Current		
Trade Receivables considered good - Secured	S=-S:	=
Trade Receivables considered good - Unsecured	75,67,77,721	1,00,51,25,097
Trade Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	¥*************************************	=
Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	:≖	-
Total Current	75,67,77,721	1,00,51,25,097
Total	75,67,77,721	1,00,51,25,097



NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NOTE 9

CASH AND BANK BALANCES

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Cash and Cash equivalents		4
-Cash on hand	20,400	
- Balance with Bank:	62,468	1,40,837
-In Current Accounts	13,02,86,901	3,65,05,440
Other Bank Balances		
Earmarked balances with Banks		
- In Unpaid Dividend Accounts	2	
-Fixed Deposit with banks		
-Fixed Deposit with bank for maturity period more than 12		×
months *	8,45,42,000	9 45 42 000
-Fixed Deposit with bank for maturity period less than 12	0,40,42,000	8,45,42,000
months	33,68,91,178	5,50,00,000
Less- Non Current portion transferred to Other Financial assets (Refer Note 5)	8,45,42,000	8,45,42,000
(Note: Note 5)		
	33,68,91,178	5,50,00,000
Total	46,72,40,547	9,16,46,276
* Fixed Deposit includes	7	
FD for Bank Guarantee given to Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change	10,00,000	10,00,000
FD for Bank Guarantee	8,35,42,000	8,35,42,000

NOTE 10

Particulars

OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

As at March 31, 2020 41,45,837

(Amount in Rs.)

(Unsecured, Considered Good) Prepaid Expenses 61,43,641 Balance with Government Authorities 34,54,73,069 32,01,51,707 Other Advances recoverable in Cash or in kind or for value to be received 47,41,01,726 54,01,25,812 Total 82,57,18,436 86,44,23,356

As at March 31, 2021



NOTE 11

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Authorised: 5,00,407 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each [As at March 31, 2021:5,00,407 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each] [As at March 31, 2020:5,00,407 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each]	50,04,070	50,04,070
40,30,00,000 Optionally Convertible and Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10 each* (As at March 31, 2021 : 40,30,00,000 Optionally Convertible and Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10 each] (As at March 31, 2020 : 40,30,00,000 Optionally Convertible and Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10 each]	4,03,00,00,000	4,03,00,00,000
	4,03,50,04,070	4,03,50,04,070
Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up: 5,00,407 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each [As at March 31, 2021: 5,00,407 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each] [As at March 31, 2020: 5,00,407 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each]	50,04,070	50,04,070

^{* 40,30,00,000 (31} March 2020 : 40,30,00,000) Optionally Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares are classified as Borrowings (Note 13) as per the requirement of Ind AS

50,04,070

TOTAL

50,04,070

Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share, Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of year р

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	h 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	1 31, 2020
	No. of Shares	Amount in Rs.	No. of Shares	Amount in Rs.
Equity:				
No. of Shares at the beginning of the year	5,00,407	50,04,070	5,00,407	50,04,070
Add: Issue of Shares during the year		•	₩ €	•
Add: Preference Shares converted to Equity	•	(a)		
Less: Reduction in Equity Share Capital	•	•	\(\)	
No. of Shares at the end of the year	5,00,407	50,04,070	5,00,407	50,04,070

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2	No. of Shares	% of Holding No. of Shares	No. of Shares	% of Holding
Equity Shares	X			
IIRF India Realty VII Limited	94,022	18.79%	94,022	18.79%
Sandeep Shikre	4,00,000	79.93%	4,00,000	79.93%
	4,94,022	98.72%	4,94,022	98.72%



NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 12

-	Particulars		As at March 31, 2021	(Amount in Rs. As at March 31, 2020
1	Capital Reserve		1,04,06,62,590	1,04,06,62,590
)	Securities Premium		3,95,83,33,270	3,95,83,33,270
)	General Reserve		4,74,16,94,240	4,74,16,94,240
)	Surplus / (deficit) in the Statement of Profit and Loss		4,74,16,94,240	4,74,16,94,240
-	As at Beginning of the year		(17,32,63,08,554)	(17,20,00,31,128
	Add : Profit / (loss) for the year		(2,09,59,41,378)	(15,38,54,925
	Add: Transfer From OCI Less: Transfer to Genral Reserves		11,10,640	2,75,77,499
	Less. Hansier to German Reserves		(19,42,11,39,291)	(17,32,63,08,554
	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	19e l		
	As at Beginning of the year Add : Transfer to OCI		10,33,378	2,75,77,499
1	Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Liability - Gain / (Loss)	- 1	(22,799)	(77,262
-	Fair Value change in Equity instruments - Gain / (Loss)		6,72,992	11,10,640
-	Less: Transfer from OCI to Statement of Profit and Loss		(11,10,640)	(2,75,77,499)
		Total	5,72,931	10,33,378
t	Grand Total (a+b+c+d+e)		(9,67,98,76,260)	(7,58,45,85,076

- Capital Reserve
 During the scheme of Reconstruction, reduction in Equity Share Capital is treated as Capital Reserve.
- Securities Premium
 The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in Securities Premium.
- c) General Reserve The Company had transferred a portion of the net profit of the Company before declaring dividend to general reserve pursuant to the earlier provisions of Companies Act, 1956. Mandatory transfer to general reserve is not required under the Companies Act, 2013.
- d) Surplus / (deficit) in the Statement of Profit and Loss
 The Company had transferred realisation of fair value changes in measurement of investment from Other Comprehensive Income to Profit and Loss Account

NOTE 13 BORROWINGS

BORROWINGS Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	(Amount in Rs.)
Non Current	AS at Warding, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Secured	y .	
Convertible and Reedemable Preference Share Capital (Refer	1	
Note No. 11)	1	
0.01% Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs.10 each		
fully paid up. (OCPRS-I)	22,08,76,218	19,90,30,592
0.01% Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs.10 each	Managara and San San San San San San San San San San	
fully paid up. (OCPRS- II)	18,93,22,473	17,05,97,651
From Asset Restructuring Trusts	4,89,99,94,074	4,89,99,94,074
18% Secured rated listed Non Convertible Debentures	_	
0.01% Optionally Convertible Debentures	1,73,37,75,046	1,56,23,87,204
Unsecured	3	
(a) From Others	1	
From Related Party	2,66,170	2,66,170
Total of Non Current Borrowings	7,04,42,33,981	6,83,22,75,691
Current	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0,00,000,000
Secured		
18% Secured rated listed Non Convertible Debentures	4,75,00,00,000	3,98,78,44,666
Total of Current Borrowings	4,75,00,00,000	3,98,78,44,666
Total of Borrowings	11,79,42,33,981	10,82,01,20,357

MUMBAI

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Details of terms of repayment and securities provided in respect of secured term loans are as under: Current / Non-current borrowings

Security as per the Master resturcturing agreement with Asset Restructuring Trusts and Debenture trutees

The term loan from banks (Now Asset restructuring trust) and debts from debenture holders together with interest, additional interest, default interest / liquidated damages if any, costs, charges, expenses and other monies whatsoever stipulated and due to the Lenders in accordance with the Master Restruturing Agreement (MRA) and security trustee fee and expenses shall be / are secured in favour of the Security Trustee for the benefit of the Secured Parties by a pari-passu charge where i) A first mortgage / charge on all that piece or parcel of land and building or ground being unit: Kohinoor Mill No. 3, situated at N.C. Kellkar Road, Dadar (West), Mumbai – 400 028 with the Mumbai Municipal Limit & Residential/Commercial Zone, bearing Cadastral Survey number 608 (correct CS No. 390) final plot No. 46 TPS III admeasuring 19,859.05 square meters of land or thereabout popularly known as Kohinoor Mill No. 3 within the registration district of town planning, Mumbai, excluding the 14 floor structure to be transferred to the Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai (MCGM) both present and future till

- ii) A first charge by way of hypothecation of the entire movable assets, both present and future, till the date of last repayment of the Facility.
- iii) A first charge / assignment of all the book debts, operating cash flows, receivables, commissions, intangibles and revenues of whatsoever nature and whereever arising, present and future.
- iv) A first charge on all the Project's bank accounts including but not limited to the Escrow Account, into which, inter-alia, all the operating cash flows, treasury income, revenues / receivables, DSRA would be deposited.
- v) A first charge / assignment of all rights including leasehold rights, title, benefits and claims that accrue under any of the Project Documents including but not limited to lease agreements. Such leasehold rights shall be clubbed and assigned to the lenders, or representative of the lenders on a quarterly basis.
- vi) Lenders will be designated as loss payees in all Insurance Policies obtained for the Project.
- vii) 18% Secured Non Convertible Debentures
- a. Pledge of all 5000 Equity Share holding of the Kohinoor Project Private Limited in the Company.
- b. Pledge of all 1250 Unencumbered Equity Shares holding of the Kohinoor Planet Constuction Private Limited in the Company.
- c. Pledge of all 400000 Unencumbered Equity Shares holding of the Sandeep Shikre in the Company.
- d. Pledge of all OCRPS Series- II
- e. Personal Guarantee of Unmesh Joshi, which shall be exclusive to the Existing Term Lender. (i.e Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited)
- viii) Optionally Convertible Debentures
- a. Pledge of all 1250 Unencumbered Equity Shares holding of the Kohinoor Planet Constuction Private Limited in the Company.
- b. Personal Guarantee Unmesh Joshi, which shall be exclusive to the Existing Term Lender.

Repayment Terms

Preference Shares

0.01% Optionally Convertible Redemable Preference Shares contains two sets of Preference Shares i.e. OCPRS-I 21,70,00,000 preference shares of Rs. 10 each were issued on 21st March 2018 pursuant to agreement between the company and Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited. These shares shall be redeemable after 25 years The OCRPS shall have an early redemption clause in case of surplus project cash flows at any point after payment of priority funding (18% Non Convertible Debentures) ,sustainable Debt (Loan from Asset Reconstruction Trust) and Other Convertible Debentures (OCD).

and OCPRS-II 18,60,00,000 preference shares of Rs.10 each were issued on 21st March 2018 pursuant to agreement between the company and Kohinoor Planet Constructions Pvt.Ltd. These shares shall be redeemable after 25 years with an early redemption option in case of surplus cash flows generated after redemption of OCD and OCRPS - I

Loan From Asset Restructuring Trust

The Company has Loan from Asset Restructuring Company @ 11% where interest payment has moratorium of 24 Months. Accumulated interest shall be paid at the end of 24 months on the availability of cash flow. Principal outstanding along with interest payable shall be paid in full within 5 years and 6 months from the date of approval of Resolution Plan.

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Non Convertible Debentures

The Company has issued 18% other convertible Debentures to Ecap Equities Limited and Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited. These debentures shall be redeemable after 5 years and 6 months. with an early redemption clause in case of surplus project cash flows after payment at any point after payment of sustainable debts (loan from Asset Reconstruction Trust).

Repayment Schedule of Non Convertible Debentures

Particulars	Principal Repayment		
Tattoutars	Amount in Rs.	Due Date	
18% Non Convertible Debentures (INE409V07059)*	3,00,00,00,000	30/09/2021	
	3,00,00,00,000		
18% Non Convertible Debentures (INE409V07042)*	1,00,00,00,000	30/09/2021	
	1,00,00,00,000		
18% Non Convertible Debentures (INE409V07034)	75,00,00,000	30/09/2021	
(1.2.100.001)	75,00,00,000		

Particulars	Interest Repayment	
1 ditionals	Amount in Rs.	Due Date
18% Non Convertible Debentures (INE409V07059)*	1,90,00,85,260	30/09/2021
	1,90,00,85,260	
18% Non Convertible Debentures (INE409V07042)*	51,82,84,187	30/09/2021
	51,82,84,187	
18% Non Convertible Debentures (INE409V07026)	15,29,00,000	30/09/2021
	15,29,00,000	

^{*}The Company has received extention of Principal repayment and Interest Payment to Debenture Trustess due from 30th September 2019 to 31st March 2021. The said payments are extented to 30th September 2021.

Optionally Convertible Debentures

The Company has issued 0.01% Optionally Convertible Debentures to Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited . These debentures shall be redeemable after 5 years and 6 months, with an early redemption clause in case of surplus project cash flows after payment at any point after payment of priority funding (18% Non Convertible Debentures), sustainable Debt (Loan from Asset Reconstruction Trust).

Particulars	Principal Repa	ayment
	Amount in Rs.	Due Date
0.01% Optionally Convertible Debentures	2,25,00,00,000	30/09/2023
10 78 VA	2.25.00.00.000	

Particulars	Interest Repay	Interest Repayment	
1 diticulais	Amount in Rs.	Due Date	
0.01% Optionally Convertible Debentures	2,25,000	31/03/2019	
	2,25,000	31/03/2020	
	2,25,000	31/03/2021	
in the second se	2,25,000	31/03/2022	
	2,25,000	31/03/2023	
	1,12,500	30/09/2023	
	12,37,500		



NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 14

PROVISIONS		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Non Current		
(a) Estimated Future loss on Project (refer Note 29)	2,46,16,99,640	2,46,16,99,640
(b) Provision for Employee benefit		
(i) Provision for compensated absences	17,69,375	11,75,896
Less : Current Provision	2,82,760	1,81,420
	14,86,615	9,94,476
(ii) Provision for Gratuity (Refer Note 31)	21,69,629	15,45,005
Less : Current Provision	27,724	23,327
	21,41,905	15,21,678
Total of Non Current Provision	2,46,53,28,160	2,46,42,15,794
Current		c
(a) Provision for Employee benefit Expenses		
(i) Provision for compensated absences	2,82,760	1,81,420
(ii) Provision for Gratuity	27,724	23,327
	3,10,484	2,04,747
Total of Current Provision	3,10,484	2,04,747

NOTE 15 TRADE PAYABLES

Total

D ()		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Current		710 at March 51, 2020
Dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (Refer Note 15A)	84.84.900	79.69.262
Dues to Other than MSME*	33.58.04.180	78,68,263
Total	34,42,89,080	43,67,17,095
*inaludas	34,42,09,080	44,45,85,358

2,46,56,38,644

2,46,44,20,541

NOTE 15A

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	(Amount in Rs.)
	AS AL IMAICH S1, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
i) Total Outstanding Dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises(as per the intimation received from vendors)	20	
a) Principal amount outstanding b) Interest due thereon c) Interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16 of MSMED 2006, alongwith amount of the payment made to the suppliers	84,84,900	78,68,263
beyond the appointed day during the year. d) Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED 2006.		
e) Interest accrued and remaining unpaid f) Further interest remaining due and payable in the succeeding years	90 (40)	
ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro		
enterprises and small enterprises	33,58,04,180	43,67,17,095
Total M.C	34,42,89,080	44,45,85,358

^{*} includes amount payable to related party Rs. 44,20,000 (Rs 1,20,12,472/- as at March 31, 2020)

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NOTE 16

OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Particulars		(Amount in Rs.)
Faiticulais	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Interest Accrued and Due on Borrowings		
Total Non Current Liabilities	· .	•
CURRENT LIABILITIES	,	
Interest Accrued and Due on Borrowings	3,92,57,56,789	2,60,74,35,655
Payables for Cancellation Of Units	32,00,000	32,00,000
Security Deposit	3,14,52,228	24,00,750
Salary Payable *	44,72,574	45,58,850
Outstanding Expenses	1,11,866	
Total Current Liabilities	3,96,49,93,457	2 64 75 05 055
	3,96,49,93,437	2,61,75,95,255
Total	3,96,49,93,457	2.61.75.95.255

* includes amount payable to related party Rs. 4,72,755/- (Rs 4,52,163/- as at March 31, 2020)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	(Amount in Rs. As at March 31, 2020
Advance From Customers Statutory Liabilities	10,95,43,30,026 47,99,602	10,67,47,86,412 3,62,05,689
Total	10,95,91,29,628	10,71,09,92,101



NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 18 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

NOTE 19

OTHER INCOME (Amount in Rs.)		
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Interest on Income Tax Refund	1,26,068	3€
Liabilities no longer payable	2,66,24,360	
Gain on Mutual Fund	14,03,651	1,99,67,606
Parking Charges	I=0	21,61,017
Sale of Scrap Material	13,67,798	8 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 9 8 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
Miscelleneous Income	19,27,436	
Reimbursement of Expenses	3,38,93,635	32
Interest on Deposits -		
Interest on Fixed Deposits	1,28,68,961	39,82,709
Interest on Deposit with TATA Power	50,012	73,887
Total	7,82,61,921	2.61.85.219

NOTE 20

PROJECT EXPENSES		(Amount in Rs.	
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020	
Civil Work	25,22,98,673	44,97,36,595	
MEP Work	9,94,46,018	27,69,90,116	
Plumbing & Fire Fighting Work	2,79,96,415	11,17,04,023	
Facade Work	9,22,03,621	17,95,20,878	
Miscellaneous Work	4,38,63,140	7,21,77,375	
Total	51,58,07,867	1.09.01.28.987	

CHANGES IN INVENTORY OF FINISHED GOODS AND WORK IN PROGRESS		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
(A) At the end of the year		
(i) Finished Goods	2,76,49,88,637	2,26,56,39,073
(ii) Work-in-Progress	14,81,97,21,727	15,11,52,53,210
Total (A)	17,58,47,10,364	17,38,08,92,283
(B) At the beginning of the year		
(i) Finished Goods	2,26,56,39,073	= 0
(ii) Work-in-Progress	15,11,52,53,210	19,11,97,78,344
Total (B)	17,38,08,92,283	19,11,97,78,344
Total (B-A)	(20,38,18,082)	1,73,88,86,061



NOTE 22

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE	(Ame
	(//////

Particulars	1 V 1 111 1 24 2224 T	(Amount in Ks.,
r articulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Salaries, Wages, Bonus and Allowances Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Funds	5,58,50,692	5,91,79,573
(Refer Note 31)	27,90,797	25,47,732
Employee's welfare and Other amenities	1,68,748	4,61,112
Gratuity Expense	8,74,387	6,09,542
Leave Encashment Expense	8,32,720	7,30,855
Total	6,05,17,344	6,35,28,814

NOTE 23

FINANCE COSTS		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Interest on Borrowings	1,87,33,63,772	1,85,47,94,852
Other Borrowing Cost	75,02,629	21.15.874
Total	1,88,08,66,401	1.85.69.10.726

OTHER EXPENSES		(Amount in Rs.
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
(a) Marketing Expenses		
Conveyance & Travelling Expenses	56,470	1,07,189
Advertisement Expenses	52,200	30,000
Housekeeping Service Charges	29,33,516	1,00,54,979
Brokerage Expenses	43,74,300	9,36,000
Marketing Expenses	2,08,73,056	1,83,46,434
Printing & Stationery	7,150	90,715
Total	2,82,96,691	2,95,65,317
(b)Administrative and General Expenses		
Electricity & Water Charges	2,34,98,441	1,66,50,975
Repairs & Maintenance	54,78,760	75,25,210
Insurance	1,07,33,335	85,80,094
Rates and Taxes	37,92,33,007	40,30,42,324
Other Interest	94,60,656	13,13,634
Legal & Professional Expenses	5,79,49,194	20,56,06,952
Travelling and Conveyance Expenses	2,87,653	16,031
Communication Expenses	1,72,580	1,55,238
Printing and Stationery	2,95,456	3,91,043
Security Expenses	72,40,429	1,25,19,684
Labour Charges	3,31,200	2,94,960
Facility management Charges	8,23,785	4,15,057
Internet chagres	19,377	3,03,679
Miscellaneous Expenses	22,61,059	85,88,586
Other Administrative Expenses (Note 26)	19,36,571	8,01,049
MCGM License Fees	1,21,230	60,61,500
Property Management Charges	1,80,81,815	36,77,517
GST Expenses	5,15,28,261	
Total	56,94,52,809	67,59,43,532
Grand Total	59,77,49,500	70,55,08,849



NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 25: Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

D. C. L.		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Capital Commitments		
Contingent Laibilities		
Bank Guarantee	8,45,42,000	8,45,42,000
Income Tax Matters**	1,47,14,08,058	1,47,14,08,058
TDS Defaults	85,42,894	/ (=)
Total	1,56,44,92,953	1,55,59,50,058

Income Tax Matters

Company had filed a writ petition with Bombay High Court in connection with taxation of Share premium received in FY 08-09. Tax effect on the same Rs. 118,74,99,981/- is considered as Contingent Liability as hearing not yet Scheduled by the Hon'ble Bombay High Court

In Assessment Year 2016-17, Interest payable on loan was disallowed as expense by Income tax Department tax effect on the same was Rs. 7,40,53,598/- Also in the same year revenue from contracts with customers was enhanced by the Department which affected tax increase of Rs. 20,89,97,229/- The Company had filed an Appealthe before CIT(A) - 12

In assessment year 2013-14, Accumulated interest of Rs. 17,99,072/- has been brought to tax as income from other sources and not to be considered as part of Business Income. Tax on the same is payable of Rs. 8,57,250/-. The Company has filed an appeal before CIT(A) - 12.

NOTE 26

Remuneration to Auditors (Amount in		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Audit Fees	6,00,000	6,00,000
For other services: Certification fees	_	7.500
Taxation matters	50.000	50.000
Total	6,50,000	6,57,500

[Remuneration to Auditors included in expense of Other Administrative Expenses (Note 24)]

Note 27: Basic and Diluted Earnings per Equity Share

For the purpose of calculation of Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share, the following amounts are considered:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	(Amount in Rs.) Year ended March 31, 2020
Profit / (loss) Attributable to Equity Shareholders	(2,09,52,91,185)	(15,28,21,547)
Total	(2,09,52,91,185)	(15,28,21,547)

(a) Weighted Average No. of Equity Shares Outstanding during the year

-For Basic EPS	5,00,407	5,00,407
For Diluted FDO		5,00,407
-For Diluted EPS	5,00,407	5,00,407

(b) Earnings Per Share		(Amount in Rs.)
- Basic EPS	(4,187.17)	(305.39)
- Diluted EPS	(4,187.17)	(305.39)
Face Value Per Equity Share	10	10

(c) Reconciliation between number of shares used for calculating basic and diluted earnings per share

No. of Shares used for calculating Basic EPS	5,00,407	5,00,407
Add: Potential Equity Shares	(=):	
No. of Shares used for calculating Diluted EPS	5,00,407	5,00,407

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NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 28 Related Party Disclosures

Related party disclosures in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 24 are as given below:

A. Relationships

Category I: Enterprises / Entities Owned or significantly influenced by key managerial personnel or their relatives i) Kohinoor Planet Constructions Private Limited (KPCPL)

ii) IIRF India Realty VII Limited (through IL&FS Trust Company Ltd-Trustee) (IIRF)

iii) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

iv) Sandeep Shikre and Associates

v) Top Crane Services Pvt. Ltd.

vi) GKK SSA Architechs Pvt. Ltd.

Category II: Key Managerial Personnel

i) Mr. Sandeep Shikre ii) Mrs. Mona Shah iii) Mrs. Sheetal Naik iv) Mr. Deepak Lade

Company Secretary CFO

Director Director

B. Disclosure of Transactions with Related Parties

10,37,71,304 73,31,004 March 31, 2020 9,99,996 (Amount in Rs.) year ended For the 53,20,845 2,40,00,000 8,88,799 March 31, 2021 year ended For the Category II Category I Category Sandeep Shikre and Associates Name of Related Parties Mrs. Sheetal Naik Mr. Deepak Lade Transactions Employee Remuneration Employee Remuneration Consultant Fees

C. Balances due from/to the related parties:

(Amount in Rs.)

Sr.	Transactions	Name of Related Parties	Category	As at March 31,2021	As at March 31,2020
Š.	Loan Repayable	KPCPL	Category I	2,66,170	2,66,170
- 0	Ecuity Share Capital	Mr. Sandeep Shikre	Category II	40,00,000	40,00,000
4	Equity Charle Caprice	KPCPL	Category I	12,500	12,500
		IIRF	Category I	9,40,220	9,40,220
c	Dreference Share Capital	KPCPL	Category I	18,93,22,473	17,05,97,651
)		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction			
	THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF	Company Limited	Category I	22,08,76,218	19,90,30,592
~	Accounts Pavable	Mr. Sandeep Shikre and Associates Category	Category II	44,20,000	1,20,12,472
r u	Salary Payable	Mr. Deepak Lade	Category II	4,01,069	3,82,565
,	Caial y a grand	Mrs. Sheetal Naik	Category II	71,686	69,598

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 29

Movement in provision

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Estimated Future loss on Project
Carrying amount as at 31 March 2020	2,46,16,99,640
Additional provision recognised during year Amount utilised during the year Unused amounts reversed during the year Unwinding of provision during the year	
Carrying amount as at 31 March 2021	2,46,16,99,640
Non-current (Note 14) Current	2,46,16,99,640



NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 30

Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

Set out below, is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities and that are recognised in the financial statements.

Sr.	Carolino ibra C	Carrying value	yvalue	Fair	Fair value
No.	Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
	Financial Asset				
(a)	Designated at amortised cost and fair value		H Debis Constitution of the Constitution of th	The Control of the Co	
	Investment in Mutual Fund	9,07,04,374	2,31,46,731	9,07,04,374	2,31,46,731
_	Trade Receivables	75,67,77,721	1,00,51,25,097	75,67,77,721	1,00,51,25,097
	Deposit in banks	8,45,42,000	8,45,42,000	8,45,42,000	8,45,42,000
	Accrued Interest on FD	1,44,61,426	44,74,111	1,44,61,426	44,74,111
	Other Advances Recoverable	42,20,911	42,20,911	42,20,911	42,20,911
<u>E</u>	Cash and cash equivalent	46,72,40,547	9,16,46,276	46,72,40,547	9,16,46,276
	Total	1,41,79,46,979	1,21,31,55,126	1,41,79,46,979	1,21,31,55,126
(a)	Financial Liabilities Designated at amortised cost and fair value Long Term and Short Term Borrowings	11,79,42,33,981	10,82,01,20,357	11,79,42,33,981	10,82,01,20,357
	Trade payable - Payable to MSME	84.84,900	78,68,263	84,84,900	78,68,263
	-Payable to Others	33,58,04,180	43,67,17,095	33,58,04,180	43,67,17,095
	Other financial liabilities	3,92,36,668	1,01,59,600	3,92,36,668	1,01,59,600
3	Interest accrued and due on borrowings	3,92,57,56,789	2,60,74,35,655	3,92,57,56,789	2,60,74,35,655
	Total	16.10.35.16.518	13.88.23.00.970	16.10.35.16.518	13.88.23.00.970

valuations, including independent price validation for certain instruments. Further, in other instances, Company retains independent pricing vendors to assist in corroborating the valuations of The Company maintains policies and procedures to value financial assets or financial liabilities using the best and most relevant data available. In addition, the Company internally reviews certain instruments.

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer liability in an orderly ransaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- 1. Fair value of cash and cash equivalents, trade payables, borrowings and other financial assets and liabilities are approximate at their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.
- 3. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of televant units. 2. Fair value of other financial assets and liabilities, Security and Bank deposits are approximate at their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.
- 4. Fair values of quoted financial instruments are derived from quoted market prices in active markets.
- 5. Carrying value of loans from banks, other non current borrowings and other financial liabilities is estimated by discounting future cash flows using rates currently available for the cash flows using rates currently available for the carrying value of loans from banks, other non currently available for the carrying value of loans from banks. similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The own non-performance risk as at reporting date was assessed to be insignificant.

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fair value hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation techniques:I. Level 1 :- Quoted prices / published NAV (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. It includes fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets and are based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date and financial instruments like mutual funds for which net assets value (NAV) is published by mutual fund operators at the balance sheet

includes fair value of the financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation II. Level 2 :- Inputs, other than quoted prices included within level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices). It techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on the Company specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable then instrument is included in level 2.

III. Level 3 :- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs). If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

Cash and Cash equivalents and other financial assets are shown at amortised cost

The following table provides hierarchy of the fair value measurement of Company's asset and liabilities, grouped into Level 1 (Quoted prices in active markets), Level 2 (Significant observable nputs) and Level 3 (Significant unobservable inputs) as described below:

Further table describes the valuation techniques used, key inputs to valuations and quantitative information about significant unobservable inputs for fair value measurements.

Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for Assets and Liabilities as at 31 March 2021:

Sr.		Fair va	value measurement using	gı	Valuation tochnical		
No.	Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	used	Inputs used	Sensitivity
4					The state of the s		
(a)	Financial Assets designated at fair value through profit or loss:	gh profit or loss :					
Ξ	Security deposits				Discounted cash flows	Forecast cash flows,	No material impact
(3)	Trade Receivables		75,67,77,721			risk adjusted	on fair valuation
	Deposit in banks		8,45,42,000			discount rate,	
(iii)	Accrued Interest on Fixed Deposit		1,44,61,426		19	maturity	83
<u>(š)</u>	Other Advances Recoverable		42,20,911				
3	Cash and cash equivalent		46,72,40,547				100 miles and 10
(q)	Financial Assets designated at fair value through other comprehensiv	gh other comprehensive	re income :				
Ξ	Investment in Mutual Funds	9,07,04,374			Quoted (unadjusted)	Published NAV	No material impact
	to.		80		market prices in active markets	available	on fair valuation
В	29. CE				×		
(a)	Financial Liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss:	ough profit or loss:					
ε	Long Term and Short Term Borrowings	THE STATE OF THE S	11,79,42,33,981		Discounted cash flows	Forecast cash flows,	No material impact
	Trade payable		34,42,89,080			risk adjusted	on fair valuation
(E)	Other financial liabilities		3,92,36,668			discount rate,	
(iv)	Interest accrued but not due on borrowings		3.92.57.56.789			maturity	



NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for Assets and Liabilities as at 31 March 2020:

3		Eair	value measurement using	ממ	39		
No.	Particulars		Level 2	Level 3	Valuation technique used	Inputs used	Sensitivity
4			100				
(a)	Financial Assets designated at fair value through profit or loss:	th profit or loss :				1033	
Ξ	Security deposits				Discounted cash flows	Forecast cash flows,	No material impact
Ξ	Trade Receivables		1,00,51,25,097			risk adjusted	on fair valuation
(Deposit in banks		8,45,42,000			discount rate,	
	Accrued Interest on Fixed Deposit		44,74,111			maturity	
3	Other Advances Recoverable		42,20,911				
Ξ	Cash and cash equivalent		9,16,46,276		0.000		
(q)	Financial Assets designated at fair value through other comprehensi	h other comprehensive	ve income :	***************************************			
€	Investment in Mutual Funds	2,31,46,731	704	17	Quoted (unadjusted)	Published NAV	No material impact
Ì			***		market prices in active markets	available	on fair valuation
B					15		
(a)	Financial Liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss:	ugh profit or loss :					
Ξ	Long Term and Short Term Borrowings		10,82,01,20,357		Discounted cash flows	Forecast cash flows,	No material impact
(ii)	Trade payable		44,45,85,359	and the second second second	,	risk adjusted	on fair valuation
	Other financial liabilities		1,01,59,600			discount rate,	
(3)	Interest accrued but not due on borrowings		2,60,74,35,655			maturity	

During the year ended 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020 there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value measurements.



NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 31: Employee Benefits:

Defined Contribution Plans:

Contribution to Provident Fund - Amount of Rs. 27,90,797/- (P.Y. Rs. 25,47,732 /-) is recognised as an

expense and included in "Employees benefits expense" (Note 22) in the statement of Profit and Loss. The expenses for leave entitlement Rs. 8,32,720/- (P.Y. Rs. 7,30,855 /-) is recognised as an expense and b) included in Employee Benefits Expense (Note 22) in the statement of Profit and Loss.

Defined Benefit Plans:

- **Gratuity Plan**
- The amounts recognised in Balance Sheet are as follows:

(Amount in Pe)

_			(Alliount in No.)
		As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
	Particulars	Gratuity	Gratuity
	-	(Non Funded)	(Non Funded)
A.	Amount to be recognised in Balance Sheet	0	2
	Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation	21,69,629	15,45,005
	Less: Fair Value of Plan Assets		
	Amount to be recognised as liability or (asset)	21,69,629	15,45,005

The amounts recognised in the Profit and Loss Statement are as follows:

	27	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020	
Pa	rticulars	Gratuity	Gratuity (Non Funded)	
		(Non Funded)		
1	Current Service Cost	7,68,863	5,45,434	
2	Net Interest (income)/expenses	1,05,524	64,108	
	Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the statement of profit & loss- (Employee benefit expenses - Note 22)	8,74,387	6,09,542	

The amounts recognised in the statement of other comprehensive income (OCI)

(Amount in Rs.)

		As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020	
Par	ticulars	Gratuity	Gratuity	
		(Non Funded)	(Non Funded)	
1	Actuarial (Gain)/ Losses on Obligation for the period	22,799	77,262	
2	Return on Plan assets, excluding Interest Income			
3	Changes in Asset Ceiling			
	Net (Income)/ Expenses for the period recognised in OCI	22,799	77,262	



d) Movement in the Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation

(Amount in Rs.)

_			(Alliount in its.)
		As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Pai	rticulars	Gratuity	Gratuity
		(Non Funded)	(Non Funded)
1	Obligation at the Beginning of the year	15,45,005	8,58,201
2	Interest expenses	1,05,524	64,108
3	Current Service Cost	7,68,863	5,45,434
4	Actuarial (gain) / loss due to change in financial assumptions	22,799	77,262
5	Actuarial (gain) / loss due to change in demographic assumptions		-
6	Actuarial (gain) / loss due to change in experience adjustments	9	-
7	Benefits paid	(2,72,562)	
	Obligation at the End of the year	21,69,629	15,45,005

e) The broad categories of plan assets as a percentage of total plan assets of Employee's Gratuity Scheme are as under:

		As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Pa	rticulars	Gratuity (Non Funded)	Gratuity (Non Funded)
1	Central Government Securities	0.00%	0.00%
2	State Government Securities	0.00%	0.00%
3	High quality Corporate bonds	0.00%	0.00%
4	Equity Shares of listed companies	0.00%	0.00%
5	Property	0.00%	0.00%
6	Special Deposit Scheme	0.00%	0.00%
7	Policy of Insurance	0.00%	0.00%
8	Bank Balance	100.00%	100.00%
9	Other Investments	0.00%	0.00%
	Total	100.00%	100.00%

Principal actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date (expressed as weighted averages)

- i) Discount rate as at 31-03-2021 6.85%
- Salary growth rate: For Gratuity Scheme 6.00%
 The estimates of future salary increase considered in actuarial valuation take into account inflation,

iii) seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

g) The amounts pertaining to defined benefit plans are as follows:

(Amount in Rs.)

	(variount in 113.)	
Particulars	Gratuity Plan	
	(Non Funded)	
Defined Benefit Obligation	21,69,629	
Plan Assets	-	
Net Liability / (Assets)	ssets) 21,69,6	

h) General descriptions of defined plans:

1 Gratuity Plan:

The Company operates gratuity plan wherein every employee is entitled to the benefit equivalent to fifteen days salary last drawn for each completed year of service. The same is payable on termination of service or retirement whichever is earlier. The benefit vests after five years of continuous service.

2 Leave Encashment Plan:

The Company operates Leave Encashment plan wherein eligible employee is entitled to the benefit equivalent to leaves balance at the time of retirement, superannuation, resignation or death whichever is earlier for balance leaves on that day. Leave days can accumulate subject to the maximum limit of 30 days.

i) The Company expects to fund Rs.8,76,774 /- towards its gratuity plan in the year 2021-22.

j) Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis indicates the influence of a reasonable change in certain significant assumptions on the outcome of the Present value of obligation(PVO). Sensitivity analysis is done by varying (increasing/ decreasing) one parameter by 100 basis points (1%)

Ch	ange in assumption	Effect on obligation
0	ange in assumption	Gratuity Plan
1	Discount rate	
	Increase by 1%	(2,25,077)
	Decrease by 1%	2,62,241
Inc	Salary increase rate	
	Increase by 1%	2,61,845
	Decrease by 1%	(2,28,748)
3	Withdrawal rate	
	Increase by 1%	(25,125)
	Decrease by 1%	23,899



NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Vote 32

Financial risk management policy and objectives

The key objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a stable capital structure with the focus on total equity to uphold investor, creditor, and customer confidence and to ensure future development of its business. The Company is focused on maintaining a strong equity base to ensure independence, security, as well as financial flexibility for potential future borrowings, if required without impacting the risk profile of the Company.

trade payables and advances. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance Company's operations (short term and long term). Company's principal financial Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise Non Convertible Debentures, Optionally Convertible Debentures, Optionally Convertible Redemable Preference Shares, assets include investments, advances, unbilled revenue, deposits with banks and cash and cash equivalents, that derive directly from its operations.

Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk

i) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include borrowings, trade and other payables, advances, unbilled revenue. The sensitivity analysis in the following sections relate to the position as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020. The sensitivity of the relevant income statement item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. The sensitivity analysis have been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt and the ratio of fixed to floating interest rates of the debt are constant at 31 March 2021.

The analysis exclude the impact of movements in market variables on: the carrying values of gratuity and provisions Company's activities exposed to interest rate risk.



NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments are follows:

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars		
	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2021 As at 31 March 2020
Variable rate borrowings		
Loan From Asset Restructuring Trust (Sustainable Debt)	4,89,99,94,074	4,89,99,94,074
Optionally Convertible Debentures	1,73,37,75,046	1,56,23,87,204
Non Convertible Debentures	4,75,00,00,000	3,98,78,44,666
Optionally Convertible Redemable Preference Shares	41,01,98,691	36,96,28,243
Total	11,79,39,67,811	10,81,98,54,187

The Company is exposed to debt obligations with variable interest rates. Accordingly, interest rate sensitivity disclosure is applicable and disclosed below:

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March Year ended March 31, 2021
Impact on profit after tax or equity		*
Increase by 70 basis points	(5,39,86,180)	(4,95,27,233)
Decrease by 70 basis points	5,39,86,180	4,95,27,233

ii) Credit risk

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Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables, business advances/deposit given). Considering the inherent nature of business of the Company, Customer credit risk is minimal. The Company generally does not part away with its assets unless trade receivables are fully realised.

b) Financial instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the company in accordance with company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Company monitors rating, credit spreads and financial strength of its counter parties. Based on ongoing assessment company adjust it's exposure to various counterparties. Company's maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of balance sheet is the carrying amount as disclosed in Note 8.

iii) Liquidity risk

Company's objective is to, at all time maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. Company closely monitors its liquidity position and Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its present and future cash flow and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. deploys a robust cash management system. It maintains adequate sources of financing at optimised cost.



NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The table summarises the maturity profile of company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments

As at 31 March 2021					
Particulars	Carrying amount	1 year	1-3 years	Beyond 3 Years	Total Amount
Non Current Financial Liabilities					
Interest bearing borrowings	7,04,39,67,811		•	7,04,39,67,811	7,04,39,67,811
Loans from Related Parties	2,66,170	ì	2,66,170	*	2,66,170
Other financial liabilities	ä	1	Ĭ	*	
Current Financial Liabilities	8				39
Interest bearing borrowings	4,75,00,00,000	4,75,00,00,000	•		4,75,00,00,000
Other financial liabilities	3,96,49,93,457	3,96,49,93,457	3	ř	3,96,49,93,457
Trade Pavables	34,42,89,080	34,42,89,080		•	34,42,89,080

					(Amount in Rs.)
As at 31 March 2020					
Particulars	Carrying amount	1 year	1-3 years	Beyond 3 Years	Total Amount
Non Current Financial Liabilities					
Interest bearing borrowings	6,83,20,09,521		•	6,83,20,09,521	6,83,20,09,521
Loans from Related Parties	2,66,170)(a)	2,66,170		2,66,170
Other financial liabilities	1.	i	•		(1 6 5)
Current Financial Liabilities					
Interest bearing borrowings	3,98,78,44,666	3,98,78,44,666		11.5	3,98,78,44,666
Other financial liabilities	2,61,75,95,255	2,61,75,95,255	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	1983	2,61,75,95,255
Trade Pavables	44,45,85,358	44,45,85,358	•		44,45,85,358



NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 33 Expenditure in foreign currency

NOTE 34

Capital Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves and Debts. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and cash equivalents.

		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Loans and borrowings	11,79,42,33,981	10,82,01,20,357
Trade payables	34,42,89,080	44,45,85,358
Other financial liability	3,96,49,93,457	2,61,75,95,255
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	46,72,40,547	9,16,46,276
Less: Investments	9,07,04,374	2,31,46,731
Net debt	15,54,55,71,598	13,76,75,07,963
Equity	(9,67,48,72,190)	(7,57,95,81,006)
Total Capital	5,87,06,99,407	6,18,79,26,957
Gearing ratio	264.80%	222.49%



NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 35

World Health Organisation (WHO) declared outbreak of Coronavirus Disease (COVID -19) a global pendemic on March 11,2020. Consequent to this, Government of India declared lockdown on March 23,2020 and Company suspended the operation in its ongoing project in compliance with the lockdown instruction issued by Central and State Government. COVID -19 Has impacted the normal business operation of the company by way of interruption in Project Execution, supply chain disruption, unavailability of personnel during the lock down period.

The Company has made a detailed assessment of its liquidity position, including recoverability/carrying values of its trade receivables, business and other advances, inventory, and investments as at balance sheet date. Based on the current indicators of future economic condition, the company expects to recover the carrying amount of these assets. The situation is changing rapidly giving rise to inherent uncertainty around the extent and timing of the potential future impact of COVID -19 Which may differ from the estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements. The company will continue to closely monitor any further changes to the business and financial statements due to COVID-19 and other business related events and the definitive assessment of the impact would be highly dependent upon circumstances as they evolve in the subsequent period.

Note 36

The Company is engaged in property development business and is a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) formed for the specific purpose detailed in note no. 1 and thus operates in a single business segment. Also it operates in a single geographical area of operation. In the absence of separate reportable segment the disclosures required under the Indian Accounting Standard on 'Operating Segments '(Ind AS -108) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India have not been made.

Note 37

Balances of Creditors, Advances, Deposits, and Unsecured Loans etc are subject to confirmation and reconciliation.

Note 38

In opinion of the Board of Directors of the company, the Current Assets, Loans and Advances are expected to be realized approximately at the value at which they are stated in the accounts in the ordinary course of business.

Note 39

The Bank statements for the year and the bank balance certificates as at 31st March, 2021 of Three bank accounts out of the total Eleven bank accounts recorded in the books of account are not available with the Company. The management confirms that there are no transactions during the year in such bank accounts.

Note 40

In case of Unlisted 0.01% Optionally Convertible Debentures issued, Company has defaulted in payment of Interest from the year ended 31st March 2019 to 31st March 2021 amounting to Rs. 6,75,000/-



NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 41

Deferred Tax Asset has not been recognized due to absence of virtual certainty of earning taxable income.

Note 42

The Company has issued 18% Non Convertible Debentures of Rs. 300 Crores in the year 2018-19, Rs. 100 Crores in the year 2019-20 and Rs. 75 Crores in the year 2020-21 which are listed on Bombay Stock Exchange. The details of Utilisation of Debenture proceeds till March 31, 2021 are as under:

(Amount in Rs.) **Particulars** Utilization in the Objects of the Utilization in the Amount pending Issue as per year 2018-19 and year 2020-21 utilization* Debenture Trust 2019-20 Deed NCD Listed in the year 2018-19 Part Repayment of Restructured 60.00.00.000 60.00.00.000 Rupee Loan Refinancing of the Interim Finance 3,16,64,382 3,16,64,382 Meeting Project and Operating 2,36,83,35,618 2,36,83,35,618 Expenses as per Business Plan NCD Listed in the year 2019-20 Meeting Project and Operating 1,00,00,00,000 99,36,73,555 63,26,445 Expenses as per Business Plan NCD Listed in the year 2020-21 Meeting Project and Operating 38,74,04,448 38.33.58.878 40,45,570 Expenses as per Business Plan Fixed Deposits for future expenses 27,18,91,178 27,18,91,178 Mutual Fund Investment for Future 9,07,04,374 9,07,04,374 Expenses Total 4,75,00,00,000 3,99,36,73,555 38,96,85,323 36,66,41,122

* Amount pending for utilisation is kept with HDFC Escrow Account, Fixed Deposits with HDFC Bank and Edelweiss Mutual Fund, respectively.

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 43

Figures relating to previous years have been regrouped / rearranged, wherever necessary.

Signature to Notes on Accounts

For MUKUND M CHITALE & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 106655W For & on behalf of the Board

Kohinoor CTNL Infrastructure Company Pvt. Ltd.



(S. M. Chitale) Partner M.No. 111383

Place: Mumbai

Date: 30th June 2021



Sandeep Shikre

(Director)

DIN: 00742671

Place : Mumbai

Date: 30th June 2021

Mona Shah

DIN: 01212338

(Director)

Deepak Lade (CFO)

oak Lade Sheet

Company Secretary